From EP resolution on Free Trade Agreement – 2009

- Excepts regarding Dalits/ Caste

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- having regard to its resolution of 1 February 2007 on the human rights situation of the Dalits in India,
- 42. Underscores that the European Union should press the Indian Government to tackle the issue of bonded labour, which affects millions of people largely from the Dalit and Adivasi community in India; observes that it is believed that this issue is not beingadequately addressed due to a lack of administrative and political will;
- 45. Calls on the Council, the Commission and India to ensure that the FTA is not harmful to disadvantaged groups such as Dalits and Adivasis, and that the potential benefits of the FTA reach all members of society;
- 56. ... is concerned that Dalits and Adivasis (indigenous tribes and peoples) experience the least progress towards achieving the MDGs and continue to face discrimination in relation to access to housing, education, employment, health care and other services;
- 57. Notes that, despite sustained economic growth, vast inequalities still persist, with more than 800 million people surviving on less than USD 2 a day; is particularly concerned about the situation of underprivileged sections of the population, in particular women, children, marginalised groups and victims of discrimination such as the Dalits and Adivasis, and the rural population; stresses the need to ensure that the FTA would not restrict powers needed by the Indian Government to address poverty and inequality; calls on the Council and the Commission to work together with the Indian Government to improve the situation of those groups and to examine future cooperation as to their contribution towards ending gender and caste discrimination with reference to its abovementioned resolution on the human rights situation of the Dalits in India;