UPR India 2022 – Recommendations

Dalit/Caste

6.66 Take adequate measures to guarantee and monitor the effective implementation of the Prevention of Atrocities Act and provide legal means for increased protection of vulnerable groups like the Dalit (Germany);

6.68 Develop an Action Plan to eliminate all forms of discrimination against Dalits and Adivasis, and prohibit discrimination in the labor market, both public and private (Costa Rica);

6.67 Continue efforts to integrate Scheduled Castes and Tribes into the development process (Cameroon);

6.69 Continue to raise public awareness about the prohibition of caste-based discrimination (Sierra Leone);

6.160 Address caste-based discrimination against minorities by providing them with equal access to water and sanitation services and resources through implementation of context-specific poverty alleviation programs (Marshall Islands);

6.240 Continue its efforts to enhance the protection of human rights, especially by eliminating discrimination against women and discrimination based on caste and religion (Holy See);

6.257 Guarantee the investigation, punishment and effective reparation of cases of violence and sexual abuse against women and girls, especially from castes and disadvantaged tribes (Mexico);

6.63 Step up efforts to eliminate any type of caste-based discrimination in practice (Ethiopia);

Racism

6.57 Establish a national action plan for combating hate crimes, racism and negative stereotypes against people of African descent and ensure that perpetrators of such crimes are held accountable (Ghana);

Water

6.159 Improve access to water, especially in rural areas (Mali);

6.161 Remain committed to increase access to safe and clean drinking water in rural areas (Morocco);

6.162 Consider establishing a legislative framework that recognizes the human rights to water and sanitation and that such legal recognition is harmonized (Timor-Leste);

6.163 Continue to implement policies to increase access to safe and clean drinking water in rural areas (United Republic of Tanzania);

6.164 Improve access to safe and clean drinking water and sanitation (Bangladesh);
6.165 Ensure access to water and sanitation services, on an equal footing regardless of the place or residence status (Burkina Faso);

6.166 Continue the efforts and measures to increase safe and sustainable drinking water in rural areas and to improve sanitation coverage, especially for indigenous communities and most vulnerable groups (Cambodia);

6.171 Adopt concrete measures implementing the right to live in a healthy environment, in particular to water and sanitation (Samoa);

6.173 Continue to strengthen efforts related to ensuring access to safe and clean drinking water and sanitation, especially for women and girls (Egypt);

Forced Marriage

6.300 Strengthen efforts to combat and eliminate child, early and forced marriages (Sierra Leone);

6.301 Continue strengthening the legislation on prohibition of child marriage to eradicate child and forced marriage (Viet Nam);

Child Labour

6.281 Accelerate and strengthen measures to prevent and protect children from sexual exploitation, corporal punishment, child marriage and child labour, as well as to provide support to child victims of sexual offences (El Salvador);

6.282 Continue strengthening existing child protection mechanism and dissuade child labour (Eswatini);

6.283 Effectively implement the prohibition of child labour (Slovakia);

6.284 Continue to strengthen national policies to combat child labour and eliminate violence against children (Tunisia);

6.285 Increase the financial and human resources allocated to the implementation of protection mechanisms for girls, boys, and adolescents, with a view to eradicating child labour and child marriage, as well as sexual exploitation (Uruguay);

6.286 Prohibit all forms of child labour up to the age of 18 (Zambia);

6.287 Undertake all necessary measures to prevent and fight child labour and to investigate and prosecute cases of violence against women and girls while ensuring adequate medical and legal care to victims (Republic of Moldova);

6.288 Pursue efforts to protect children from sexual exploitation, corporal punishment, marriage and child labour, and support children victims of sexual offences (Cameroon);